





#### FOREWORD

#### **PURPOSE:**

To cover the basics of design, installation, and maintenance of Techline DL integral Dripline utilizing the "grid" layout method to produce a complete wetted area. This type of design is intended for subsurface applications but can be applied to on-surface installations as well.

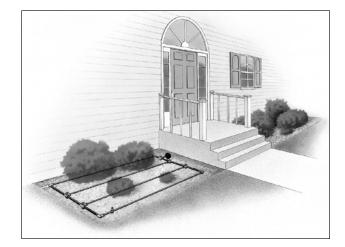
This manual includes design steps, technical data, design layouts, as well as some design and installation details and checklists.

#### **OVERVIEW:**

- Netafim is the world leader in drip irrigation. Since 1965 Netafim has pioneered the science of subsurface, on-surface and point source drip irrigation and manufacturing. Serving more than 80 countries worldwide, sales in 2003 will approach \$300 million.
- Techline DL has been used successfully in landscape since 1987 in North America. It has been field tested at the Center for Irrigation Technology in Fresno, California since 1989.
- Landscape Architects, Contractors, Nurserymen and Designers recognize the benefit of using low volume and drip irrigation for new plantings, because of its accelerated plant growth compared to overhead spray and rotor irrigation. Couple the growth proliferation with the dramatic savings of water and drip becomes a technology that is being demanded by customers.
- With Netafim USA landscape products, Architects, Designers and Contractors have a new, highly sophisticated way of solving client and installation problems by bringing high quality drip and subsurface components to growing plants, trees, shrubs, groundcover, and yes, even turf!

### **DESIGN CRITERIA:**

- Designing with Techline DL follows many of the same rules as designing with standard overhead irrigation.
- Point of connection, static and operating pressures, flow rates, and type of materials being irrigated are the same.
- Designing similar areas into a zone and not mixing emitter output and dripline spacing is just like sprinkler design.
- The essential differences include knowing the type of soil you are working with, and the use of a "grid" layout in the design.





# BASIC DESIGN STEPS

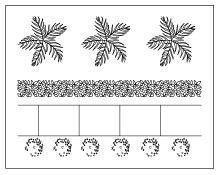
Table 1

### SITE SURVEY:

- Obtain or draw a scaled plan of the site to be irrigated. Identify all slopes on the plan.
- Identify type of soil (sand, loam, or clay).
- Determine plant materials to be irrigated: i.e. turf, groundcover, shrubs, plants, and trees.

### **POINT OF CONNECTION:**

- Type of water: i.e. potable, well, pump, effluent, etc.
- · Pressure and volume available static and operating tests.



TECHLINE DL																								
ROW SPACING		TURF							SHRUB & GROUNDCOVER															
RECOMMENDATION TABLE	CL	AY S	OIL	LO	AM S	OIL	SAN	IDY S	SOIL	COA	RSE	SOIL	CL	AY SO	DIL	LOA	AM S	OIL	SAN	IDY S	SOIL	COA	RSE	SOIL
EMITTER FLOW	0.:	26 G F	Ч	0	.4 GP	Ή	0.	6 GPI	Н	0.	9 G P	Ή	0.2	26 GP	Ч	0.4	4 GPI	Н	0.	.6 GP	Н	0.	9 G P	н
EMITTER SPACING	18″			12"			12" 12"			18″			18″			12"		12"						
LATERAL (ROW) SPACING	18″	20″	22″	18″	20″	22″	12″	14″	16″	12″	14"	16″	18″	21″	24″	18″	21″	24″	16″	18″	20″	16″	18″	20″
BURIAL DEPTH			Bury	evenly	y thro	ughou	ut the	zone	from 4	l"to 6'	n				Or				/ even naxim			out		
APPLICATION RATE (INCHES/HOUR)	0.19	0.17	0.15	0.30	0.27	0.25	0.98	0.84	0.73	1.48	1.27	1.11	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.30	0.26	0.23	0.73	0.65	0.59	1.11	0.99	0.89
TIME TO APPLY ¼" OF WATER (MINUTES)	80	89	97	50	55	61	15	18	20	10	12	13	80	93	106	50	58	66	20	23	26	13	15	17
	Following these maximum spacing guidelines, emitter flow selection can be increased if desired by the designer. 0.9 GPH flow rate available for areas requiring higher infiltration rates, such as coarse sandy soils.																							

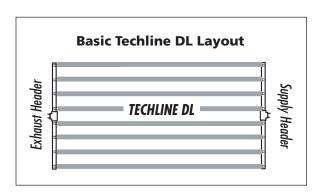
Note: 0.4, 0.6 and 0.9 GPH are nominal flow rates. Actual flow rates used in the calculations are 0.42, 0.61 and 0.92 GPH.

# **Techline DL LAYOUT:**

• Select the correct emitter flow rate, emitter interval, and row spacing from Table 1, based on type of soil and what you are irrigating.

# **BASIC LAYOUT:**

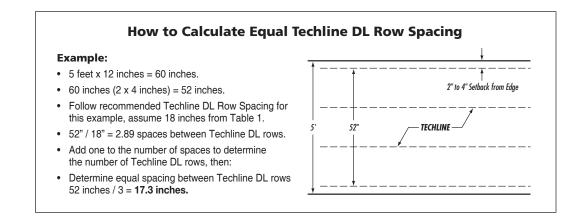
- The Supply Header delivers water to each row of Techline DL.
- The Exhaust Header forms a continuous loop system so all rows of Techline DL are being supplied from both ends. This interconnection of the piping network is called "Grid Layout." This evens out flow, and allows for much easier repairs of line breaks.
- Headers should be indented 2"-4" from hardscapes and planting areas.
- Headers may be PVC, Polyethylene or in some cases Techline DL or Netafim USA Blank Tubing (*Techline DL without emitters*). Headers must be sized to accommodate the flow of the zone without exceeding 5 feet per second velocity. (*Zone Water Requirement calculations can be found on page 6*).
- Techline DL can be used for supply and exhaust headers for zones of up to 5 GPM flow.





#### BASIC DESIGN STEPS (continued)

• Lay out Techline DL beginning 2"-4" from the edge of hardscapes, and move across the area with equal row spacing which does not exceed the recommendations of Table 1. (*The 2" setback will help provide enough moisture to prevent heat damage to plant material generated by hardscape*). Note: Start rows 2" away from hardscapes such as asphalt and 4" away from planting beds.



# **LENGTH OF Techline DL ROWS:**

- As with overhead irrigation, friction losses through pipe determine how long a length of Techline DL can be.
- You do not need to go through friction loss calculations on the actual Techline DL runs. It has already been done for you.
- Table 2 shows the maximum length of one Techline DL lateral within a zone. The chart will also help you determine what the operating pressure of the zone needs to be. For instance, if you have a run of 12", 0.6 GPH Techline DL that is 312 feet long, you would need 25 psi to have it operate properly. If the run of Techline DL was between 313 and 365 feet, you would need 35 psi. How much Techline DL you can incorporate into a zone is a function of the capacity of supply. Note: We will discuss how to regulate your pressure in the Pressure Regulating Valve section on page 8.
- You can increase the length of the runs by center-feeding the zone. By doing so, you can have a length of Techline DL as called out in the chart going in each direction, effectively doubling the maximum length.

Once you have laid out the zone, note the pressure you will need somewhere on the design. We will need to have this value later to properly size the Pressure Regulating Valve.

### Table 2

#### **MAXIMUM LENGTH OF A SINGLE LATERAL (FEET)**

EMIT	TER SPACING		12	2″		18″			24″		
EMIT	MITTER FLOW (GPH)		0.4	0.6	0.9	0.26	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9
URE	20 psi	444	326	256	194	631	463	365	277	465	353
PRESSURE	25 psi	496	364	287	217	706	518	409	310	519	395
	35 psi	578	423	333	253	821	604	476	361	605	461
INLET	45 psi	641	470	370	281	913	670	529	401	673	513



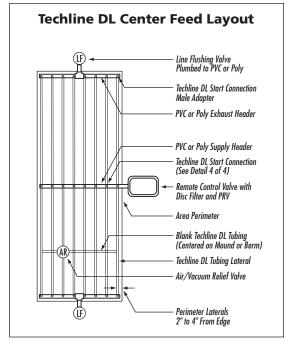
#### BASIC DESIGN STEPS (continued)

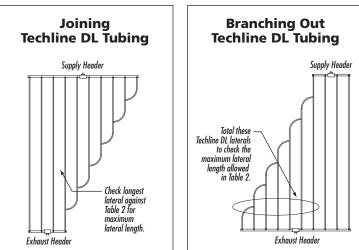
# **CENTER FEED LAYOUTS:**

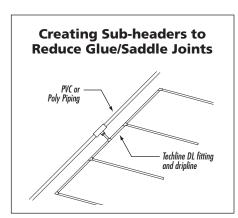
- Where layout flexibility exists, it is recommended that Center Feed layouts be used. This allows for the most even flow of water through the zone.
- Center Feed layouts also allow you to maximize the lengths of Techline DL that can be run.

### **OTHER PIPING LAYOUTS:**

- When branching out, or joining Techline DL, one of two rules apply. Rule 1 – when branching out Techline DL from the supply header, total all "branched out" driplines and check the sum against the maximum lateral length in Table 2. Rule 2 – when joining dripline laterals from the supply header, check only the longest lateral against the maximum allowable in Table 2.
- To reduce the number of glue joints, saddles or insert fittings in a header, transition to Techline DL and Techline DL fittings to make up subheaders, making sure to follow the guideline of a maximum of 0.5 GPM in the "sub-header" zone.







### **ZONE WATER REQUIREMENTS:**

• Once you have laid out the Techline DL, you need to identify how many emitters there are, and their total output. This will help you determine mainline, submain and supply/exhaust header sizing, valve, filter, and regulator selection.



#### BASIC DESIGN STEPS (continued)

 Table 3 shows an easier method of calculating total zone flow. Total the quantity of Techline DL (*in hundreds* of feet) in your design and multiply that figure by the corresponding dripline GPM to get an estimate of zone flow.

#### How to Calculate Total Flow Within a Zone of Techline DL

- Calculate the Total Feet of Techline DL in the Zone.
- Multiply Total Feet x 12" = Total inches of Techline DL.
- Divide Total inches of Techline DL / Emitter spacing = Number of Emitters.
- Multiply the Number of Emitters x Emitter flow rate (GPH) = Total GPH Flow.
- Divide Total GPH flow / 60 = Total Gallons per minute in Zone.

#### Example:

• 10 rows of Techline DL each 100 feet long. Emitter spacing 18", .6 GPH.

100' x 10 = 1,000' 1,000' x 12" = 12,000' 12,000" / 18" = 667 Emitters 667 Emitters x .6 GPH = 400 GPH total flow 400 GPH / 60 = 6.67 GPM flow in the zone

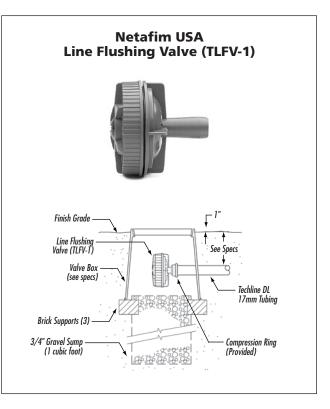
#### Table 3

#### FLOW PER 100 FEET

EMITTER	0.26 EMITTER		0.4 EIV	IITTER	0.6 EN	IITTER	0.9 EMITTER		
SPACING	GPH	GPM	GPH	GPM	GPH	GPM	GPH	GPM	
12″	26.4	0.44	42.3	0.71	60.8	1.01	92.5	1.54	
18″	17.6	0.29	28.2	0.47	40.5	0.68	61.6	1.03	
24″	13.2	0.22	21.2	0.35	30.4	0.51	46.2	0.77	

# LINE FLUSHING VALVES:

- Line Flushing Valves are used to provide a cleansing action in the Techline DL each time the zone is turned on. The ability of the Line Flushing Valve to dump water allows the velocity of water inside the Techline DL to in crease momentarily during turn-on. This action moves sediments out of the system through the Line Flushing Valve.
- Place a Line Flushing Valve (one per 15 GPM of zone flow) as far away from the source as possible. This will typically be somewhere along the exhaust header. Note: Where Center Feed layouts are used, install one Line Flushing Valve on each exhaust header.
- Line Flushing Valves should be buried in a valve box with a gravel sump adequate to drain approximately one gallon of water.
- **Rule of Thumb:** Install the Line Flushing Valve in an inconspicuous area as far away from the source as possible.

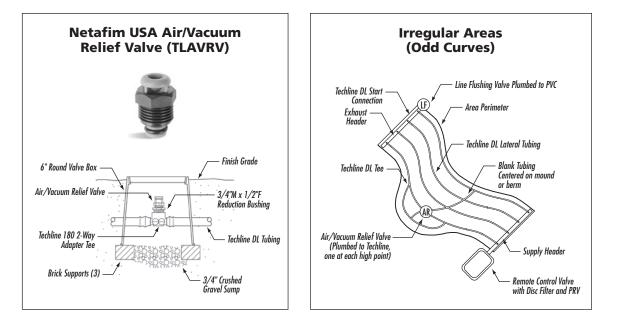




BASIC DESIGN STEPS (continued)

# **AIR/VACUUM RELIEF VALVES:**

- Air/Vacuum Relief Valves are used for two reasons:
  - 1. To freely allow air into a zone after shutdown. This ensures a vacuum doesn't draw debris into the Techline DL.
  - 2. To provide a means of releasing air from the Techline DL when the zone is turned on, thus eliminating air pockets.
- Air/Vacuum Relief Valves are installed at the highest point(s) of a subsurface installation.
- To ensure all rows of Techline DL can take advantage of the Air/Vacuum Relief Valve, install it on a line perpendicular to the Techline DL rows. This may be an exhaust header, or a special lateral connecting all the rows of Techline DL such as going over a berm.



### **DISC FILTER SIZING:**

- Disc Filters are normally installed immediately downstream of the remote control valve. See Techline DL Design details 3.03. Their purpose is to filter out debris in the water supply.
- Netafim USA disc filters incorporate a non-collapsing stack of flat grooved discs that capture contaminants. They are easily removed from the filter body and flushed clean under a faucet or in a pail of clean water.
- Disc filters come in a variety of sizes and filtering capacities.
- **Rule of Thumb:** Use 140 mesh filters for Techline DL designs, and you will be well protected. Techline DL requires 120 mesh filtration, but since there is no price difference between the two filters, the use of a finer filter offers a little more protection.
- Refer to "Disc Filter Sizing Chart, on page 14 to properly size the filter.



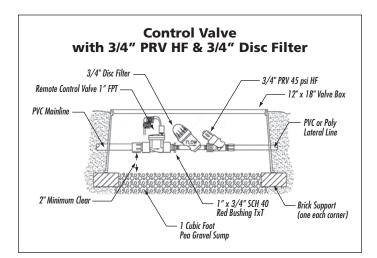
#### BASIC DESIGN STEPS (continued)

## **PRESSURE REGULATORS:**

- Pressure Regulating Valves (*PRV*) reduce the operating pressure so the Techline DL zones operate between 15 and 45 psi.
- They are installed immediately downstream of the disc filter and remote control valve. Often all three components are in the same valve box.
- To select the correct PRV choose the model that has the correct flow range for the Total Zone Flow.
- To select the correct pressure rating select one of the following:
  - 1. If you used the Maximum Techline DL Lateral length chart, use a PRV with the same pressure rating as you used for your lateral length calculations.

### OR

2. If your lateral length is less than the 15 psi Inlet Pressure recommendation from the chart, use a 15 psi Regulator. **Note:** In either case, if the PRV is remote from the supply header remember to adjust for any friction loss that occurs in the piping to the supply header.



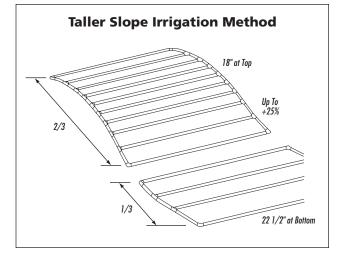


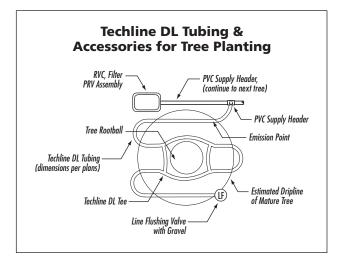


#### BASIC DESIGN STEPS (continued)

# SLOPES:

- Techline DL should be installed perpendicular to slopes (more than 4%).
- Slopes present special circumstances because of how water moves through the soil.
- In slope applications, run the Techline DL perpendicular to (across) the slope.
- In the upper 2/3rd's of the slope, space the Techline DL per Table 1, page 2.
- In the lower 1/3 of the slope, increase the distance between rows by 25%.
- In conditions where the elevation change is greater than 10', zone the two areas separately.
- Installations such as long medians usually have a slope of 1% to 4%. In these cases you may wish to use inline check valves to prevent drainage of the water inside the piping network to the lower elevations.





# **TREES:**

- It is important to provide trees with adequate water at the rootball, while also planning for the tree's needs as it grows.
- A loop of Techline DL close to the rootball with more Techline DL surrounding the estimated drip line of the tree when mature will provide sufficient water.



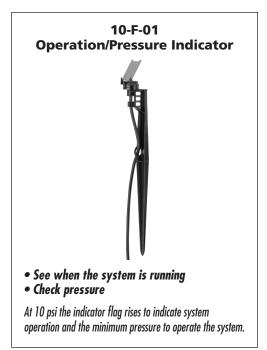
#### BASIC DESIGN STEPS (continued)

# **PRESSURE & FLOW CHECKS:**

- One of the best means of ensuring a Techline DL zone is operating properly is to test the pressure at regular intervals.
- By taking a pressure reading while the zone is running, and recording the pressure, you can conclude that the zone is working as installed.
- Take the reading as far away from the source as possible to ensure that pressures throughout the rest of the zone are at least that high.
- If readings are lower than normal, a line break, clogged filter, dirty remote control valve, clogged PRV, or reduced line pressure are possible causes.

**Note:** Always take the readings at the same time of day, from the same spot. This reduces the chance of faulty readings due to other factors.

- If a water meter is available, check the flow of each zone as the system operates.
- Record the information using the System Inspection Checklist provided in the maintenance section of this manual, page 22. Then on an annual basis check the system's performance to that standard.



# **CALCULATING PRECIPITATION RATES:**

- **Method 1** See "Techline DL Row Spacing Recommendation", Table 1, on page 2, and refer to the row "Application Rate *(in/hr)*. This method is correct if you laid out the zone exactly as the Techline DL Lateral Spacing dimensions that are shown.
- Method 2 If there was some variation in your design (for instance, where we had to decrease the distance between the rows as our earlier example), then rely on the formula stated in this example. The results proves a precipitation rate much like many rotors. Precipitation of rotors, fixed sprays and Techline DL can calculate to be the same in many situations. It is possible to mix Techline DL with sprinklers in these cases, as long as all the principles of Techline DL installation are adhered to. Dripline selection is based on soil type, filters, regulators, flush valve, air vents are used. Note: Some professionals however believe that because of the dramatic differences in irrigation efficiency between Techline DL and sprinklers that they should not use them in combination.

	Techline DL Application Rate							
	Application Rate (inches per hour) = 231.1 x Emitter Flow Rate (GPH)							
-	Dripline Row Spacing (inches) x Techline DL Emitter Spacing (inches)							
	<ul> <li>Example:</li> <li>Dripline Row Spacing = 17.3" apart</li> <li>Techline DL Emitter = 18" spacing</li> <li>Emitter Flow Rate = .6 GPH</li> <li>231.1 x .6 (GPH)</li> </ul>							
	17.3 inches x 18 inches = .45 inches per hour							



### SPECIAL APPLICATIONS AND TIPS

# **PARKING LOT ISLANDS:**

- Since many islands are small, consider tying several of them together on the same zone.
- Once you have determined that the conditions of the islands are similar enough to interconnect them, design each for the same precipitation rate by using the same Techline DL and spacing.
- Use one remote control valve, disc filter and PRV at the source, but install a separate Air/Vacuum Relief Valve (*if the zone is subsurface*) and Line Flushing Valve on each island.
- Connections between the islands should be PVC, or as called out by the designer or local codes.

# **ELECTRICAL GROUNDING:**

- The effectiveness of electrical grounding is dependent on the soil and its moisture content. In moist soil, grounding is far more effective than in dry soil.
- One method of ensuring moist soil is to install a length of Techline DL along the unclad copper wire. Often this wire is fed form the controller location into the fairway at a preset depth. The Techline DL is installed in the usual method. Run it from a separate station if possible.
- The Techline DL can be installed along the grounding wire, or above it. Simply ensure that the Techline DL is creating a wetted area across the length of the ground wire.

### **Techline DL ABOVE AND BELOW GRADE:**

Techline DL is designed to be used in a variety of ways. It can be laid on the surface, (*it's UV resistant!*) held in place with Techline DL Staples (*TLS6*), it can be laid on the surface and covered with mulch, or it can be buried below grade. **Note:** When using Techline DL above grade with staples, ensure that enough staples are used to firmly hold the Techline DL in place, especially in freezing climates. The looser the soil, the more staples you will need. **Rule of Thumb:** One staple every 3'-5' and two for every time you change the direction of a Techline DL lateral, even if a mulch cover is being used. **Note:** When burying Techline DL in a turf application, it is important to maintain a consistent depth of anywhere up to 6".



TECHNICAL DATA		DESIGN FORMULAS
	Formula 1.1	Application Rate (inches per hour) =
		231.1 x Emitter Flow Rate (GPH)
		Dripline Row Spacing (inches) x Techline DL Emitter Spacing (inches)
		In Which: Application Rate is = Inches per Hour Emitter Flow Rate = Gallons per Hour Flow of One Emitter Emitter Spacing = Spacing in Inches of Emitter Inside Tubing Dripline Row Spacing = Inches Between Techline DL Laterals
-	Formula 1.2	Number of Emitters in a Zone
		Total Dripline x 12
		Emitter Spacing
		In Which: Number of Emitter = Number of Emitters Total Dripline Length = Length of All Dripline in a Zone in Feet Emitter Spacing = Spacing in Inches of Emitter Inside Tubing
	Formula 1.3	Flow per Zone
		Number of Emitters x GPH
		60
		In Which: Flow per Zone = Total Gallons per Minute Number of Emitters = Number of Emitters GPH = Gallons per Hour Flow of One Emitter
_	Formula 1.4	Estimated Total Zone Flow =
		( Irrigated Area (square feet) x 144 ) x Emitter Flow (GPM) ÷ 60
		Emitter Spacing (inches) x Emitter Spacing (inches)
		In Which: Estimated Total Zone Flow = Gallons per Minute in Zone Irrigated Area = Total Area in Square Feet Emitter Spacing = Distance Between Dripline in Inches Dripline Spacing = Distance Between Dripline in Inches Emitter Flow = Flow of One Emitter in Gallons per Hour
_	Formula 1.5	Estimated Total Length of Dripline =
		Irrigated Area x 12
		Emitter Spacing (inches)
		In Which: Estimated Total Length of Dripline = Total of Dripline in a Zone Estimated Area = Total Area in Square Feet



# Techline DL MODEL NUMBER DESIGNATION

## SPECIFYING MODEL NUMBER

Reference for Ordel Information Chart		IPLE MODEL NUMBER
Dripline =		A 3
EMITTER FLOW RATE 0.26 GPH = 26 0.4 GPH = 4 0.6 GPH = 6 0.9 GPH = 9	<b>EMITTER</b> <b>SPACING</b> 12" = 12 18" = 18 24" = 24	<b>3</b> <b>COIL</b> <b>LENGTH</b> 100' = 01 250' = 025 500' = 05 1,000' = 10
<b>BLANK TUBING N</b> 1,000' = TLDL010 250' = TLDL0025	<b>10DEL NUMBER</b> 500' = TLDL00! 100' = TLDL00'	5

#### **TUBING DIMENSIONS**

INSIDE DIAMETER	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	WALL THICKNESS
0.560″	0.660″	0.50″

#### MINIMUM BENDING RADIUS

BENDING RADIUS

7 Inches

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

FLOW RATE	EMITTER SPACING	COIL Length	MODEL NUMBER
		1,000'	TLDL26-1210
	12″	250′	TLDL26-12025
		100′	TLDL26-1201
0.26 GPH		1,000′	TLDL26-1810
	18″	250′	TLDL26-18025
		100′	TLDL26-1801
		1,000′	TLDL4-1210
	12″	250′	TLDL4-12025
0.4.0.011		100′	TLDL4-1201
0.4 GPH		1,000′	TLDL4-1810
	18″	250′	TLDL4-18025
		100′	TLDL4-1801
		1,000′	TLDL6-1210
0.6 GPH	12″	500′	TLDL6-1205
		250′	TLDL6-12025
		100′	TLDL6-1201
		1,000'	TLDL6-1810
		500'	TLDL6-1805
	18″	250′	TLDL6-18025
		100′	TLDL6-1801
		1,000′	TLDL6-2410
	24″	250′	TLDL6-24025
		100′	TLDL6-2401
		1,000′	TLDL9-1210
		500'	TLDL9-1205
	12″	250′	TLDL9-12025
		100′	TLDL9-1201
		1,000'	TLDL9-1810
0.9 GPH	10"	500'	TLDL9-1805
	18″	250′	TLDL9-18025
		100'	TLDL9-1801
		1,000'	TLDL9-2410
	24″	250'	TLDL9-24025
		100'	TLDL9-2401
		1,000'	TLDL010
		500'	TLDL005
BLANK 1	ORING	250'	TLDL0025
		100'	TLDL001



# **Techline DL APPLICATION RATE TABLES**

#### **APPLICATION RATES 0.26 GPH EMITTER**

FLOW RATE (GPH)	EMITTER SPACING (IN.)	LATERAL SPACING (IN.)	APPLICATION RATE (IN./HR.)	TIME TO APPLY 1/4" (MIN.)
0.26	12	12	0.42	36
0.26	12	14	0.36	42
0.26	12	16	0.31	48
0.26	12	18	0.28	54
0.26	12	20	0.25	60
0.26	12	22	0.23	66
0.26	12	24	0.21	72
0.26	18	12	0.28	54
0.26	18	14	0.24	63
0.26	18	16	0.21	72
0.26	18	18	0.19	81
0.26	18	20	0.17	90
0.26	18	22	0.15	99
0.26	18	24	0.14	108
0.26	24	12	0.21	72
0.26	24	14	0.18	84
0.26	24	16	0.16	96
0.26	24	18	0.14	108
0.26	24	20	0.13	120
0.26	24	22	0.11	132
0.26	24	24	0.10	144

#### **APPLICATION RATES 0.4 GPH EMITTER**

FLOW RATE (GPH)	EMITTER SPACING (IN.)		APPLICATION Rate (IN./HR.)	TIME TO APPLY 1/4" (MIN.)
0.4	12	12	0.64	23
0.4	12	14	0.55	27
0.4	12	16	0.48	31
0.4	12	18	0.43	35
0.4	12	20	0.39	39
0.4	12	22	0.35	43
0.4	12	24	0.32	47
0.4	18	12	0.43	35
0.4	18	14	0.37	41
0.4	18	16	0.32	47
0.4	18	18	0.29	53
0.4	18	20	0.26	58
0.4	18	22	0.23	64
0.4	18	24	0.21	70
0.4	24	12	0.32	47
0.4	24	14	0.28	55
0.4	24	16	0.24	62
0.4	24	18	0.21	70
0.4	24	20	0.19	78
0.4	24	22	0.18	86
0.4	24	24	0.16	93

#### **APPLICATION RATES 0.6 GPH EMITTER**

FLOW RATE (GPH)	EMITTER SPACING (IN.)	LATERAL SPACING (IN.)	APPLICATION RATE (IN./HR.)	TIME TO APPLY 1/4" (MIN.)
0.6	12	12	0.96	16
0.6	12	14	0.83	18
0.6	12	16	0.72	21
0.6	12	18	0.64	23
0.6	12	20	0.58	26
0.6	12	22	0.53	29
0.6	12	24	0.48	31
0.6	18	12	0.64	23
0.6	18	14	0.55	27
0.6	18	16	0.48	31
0.6	18	18	0.43	35
0.6	18	20	0.39	39
0.6	18	22	0.35	43
0.6	18	24	0.32	47
0.6	24	12	0.48	31
0.6	24	14	0.41	36
0.6	24	16	0.36	42
0.6	24	18	0.32	47
0.6	24	20	0.29	52
0.6	24	22	0.26	57
0.6	24	24	0.24	62

Application Rate = (231.1 x GPH) / (Emitter Spacing x Lateral Spacing)

#### **APPLICATION RATES 0.9 GPH EMITTER**

FLOW RATE (GPH)	EMITTER SPACING (IN.)		APPLICATION RATE (IN./HR.)	TIME TO APPLY 1/4" (MIN.)
0.9	12	12	1.44	10
0.9	12	14	1.24	12
0.9	12	16	1.08	14
0.9	12	18	0.96	16
0.9	12	20	0.87	17
0.9	12	22	0.79	19
0.9	12	24	0.72	21
0.9	18	12	0.96	16
0.9	18	14	0.83	18
0.9	18	16	0.72	21
0.9	18	18	0.64	23
0.9	18	20	0.58	26
0.9	18	22	0.53	29
0.9	18	24	0.48	31
0.9	24	12	0.72	21
0.9	24	14	0.62	24
0.9	24	16	0.54	28
0.9	24	18	0.48	31
0.9	24	20	0.43	35
0.9	24	22	0.39	38
0.9	24	24	0.36	42



#### Table 2

#### **MAXIMUM LENGTH OF A SINGLE LATERAL (FEET)**

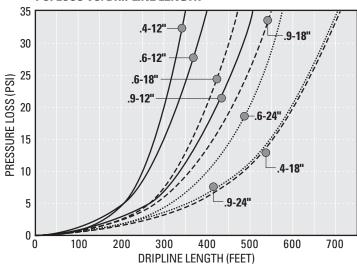
EMITT	TER SPACING		12	2″			18	8″		24″		
EMIT	EMITTER FLOW (GPH)		0.4	0.6	0.9	0.26	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9	
URE	20 psi	444	326	256	194	631	463	365	277	465	353	
PRESSURE	25 psi	496	364	287	217	706	518	409	310	519	395	
	35 psi	578	423	333	253	821	604	476	361	605	461	
INLET	45 psi	641	470	370	281	913	670	529	401	673	513	

# DISC FILTER RECOMMENDED FILTER SIZING

Filter Size	3/4"	1" & 1 <sup>1</sup> /2"	1 <sup>1</sup> /2" Long	2"
Filter Volume (cubic inches)	5.8	26.8	31.7	75
Filtration Area (square inches)	24.8	49	61.4	148
FLOW RATE (GPM)		FRICTION I	LOSS (PSI)	
5	0.56	-	_	-
10	1.99	0.78	-	-
17	1.99	0.78	-	-
20	-	2.34	0.69	-
30	-	5.20	1.30	-
40	-	9.53	2.42	0.69
50	-	_	3.90	0.87
60	-	_	_	1.17
70	-	_	_	1.56
80	-	_	_	1.99
90	-	_	_	2.51
100	-	-	-	3.03
110	_	_	_	3.68
120	-	-	-	4.33

Looses shown are for 140 mesh filtration element tested in potable water.

#### **PSI LOSS VS. DRIPLINE LENGTH**



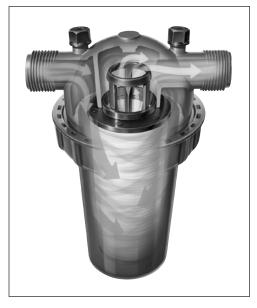


### TECHNICAL TEC DATA Filte

## TECHFILTER™

Filters are an integral part of every drip system. No system should be designed or assembled without proper filtration. The primary function is to filter out contaminants that could plug the small orifices of the emitters. Netafim USA's Techfilter serves a secondary purpose of protecting against roots invading the system.

Triflurex<sup>®</sup> is incorporated into the replaceable disc ring assemblies inside the filter housing. When water passes through the filter, a very low concentration of Trifluralin *(parts per billion level)* is transmitted throughout the system. The operation of this technology provides very precise and even distribution of Trifluralin through the piping network which will inhibit root growth into the emitter outlets. No other uses or claims are made for the use of this product beyond the protection of the system from root intrusion.



### **TECHFILTER INSTALLATION AND MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS**

The installation of the Techfilter is no different than any other filter. It is advisable to install the filter so the filter rings are easily removed for periodic cleaning of contaminants back into the filter body. Do not install the filter in direct sunlight.

# **EFFECTIVE USE AND REPLACEMENT GUIDELINES**

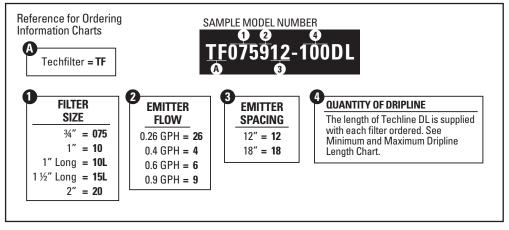
The Techfilter can effectively protect the system from root intrusion for 200 hours of use, but not longer than 2 years of service. We recommend the replacement of the filter cartridge following the above guidelines.

Triflurex<sup>®</sup> is manufactured by Agan Chemical Manufacturers Ltd.



#### TECHNICAL DATA

#### SPECIFYING MODEL NUMBER



#### MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM TOTAL DRIPLINE LENGTH PER FILTER SIZE (FEET)

	EMITTER FLOW	0.26	GPH	0.4	GPH	0.6	GPH	0.9 (	GPH
	EMITTER SPACING	12″	18"	12″	18"	12″	18"	12″	18"
34" FILTER	MIN. FLOW 1 GPM	220	328	143	213	98	114	65	98
74 TILILIN	MAX. FLOW 7 GPM	1,534	2,300	1,000	1,489	686	795	458	686
1" FILTER	MIN. FLOW 3 GPM	657	986	429	638	294	341	196	294
I HEILN	MAX. FLOW 22 GPM	4,823	7,234	3,143	4,681	2,157	2,500	1,438	2,157
1" LONG OR	MIN. FLOW 8 GPM	1,753	2,630	1,143	1,702	784	909	523	784
1 ½" LONG FILTER	MAX. FLOW 40 GPM	8,770	13,153	5,714	8,511	3,922	4,545	2,614	3,922
2" FILTER	MIN. FLOW 14 GPM	3,070	4,603	2,000	2,979	1,373	1,591	915	1,373
2 FILIER	MAX. FLOW 90 GPM	19,730	29,596	12,857	19,149	8,824	10,227	5,882	8,824



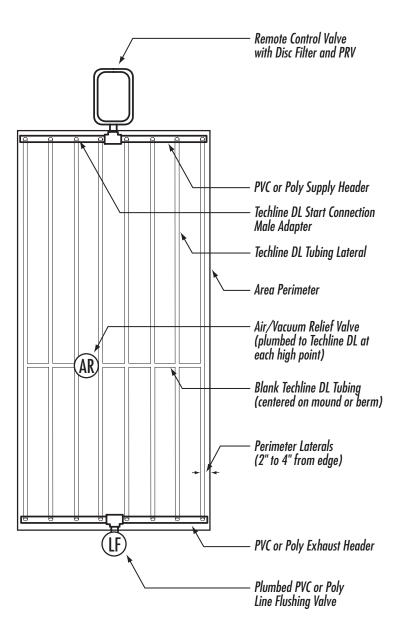
#### **TECHFILTER WITH TECHLINE DL**

		MITTE / Rate			TTER Cing	ROLLS SUPPLIED				
MODEL NUMBER	0.4	0.6	0.9	12″	18″	100′	250′	1,000'		
TF075412-100	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>			√		1				
TF075412-1000	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>			1				1		
TF075418-200	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>				√	2				
TF075418-1000	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>				✓			1		
TF075612-100		~		√		1				
TF075612-1000		✓		√				1		
TF075618-200		✓			✓	2				
TF075618-1000		✓			✓			1		
TF075912-100			✓	√		1				
TF075912-1000			✓	√				1		
TF075918-100			✓		✓	1				
TF075918-1000			✓		√			1		
TF10412-400	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>			√		4				
TF10412-1000	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>			√				1		
TF10418-600	✓				✓	1	2			
TF10418-1000	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>				√			1		
TF10612-300		√		√		3				
TF10612-1000		✓		✓				1		
TF10618-350		✓			✓	1	1			
TF10618-1000		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$			1		
TF10912-100			✓	√		1				
TF10912-200			~	√		2				
TF10912-1000			✓	✓				1		
TF10918-300			✓		✓	3				
TF10918-1000			✓		$\checkmark$			1		
TF10L412-1100	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>			$\checkmark$		1		1		
TF10L418-1000	✓				$\checkmark$			1		
TF10L418-1700	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>				$\checkmark$	2	2	1		
TF10L612-800		✓		✓		3	2			
TF10L612-1000		✓		√				1		
TF10L618-900		✓			✓	4	2			
TF10L618-1000		✓			✓			1		
TF10L912-100			$\checkmark$	✓		1				
TF10L912-500			✓	✓			2			
TF10L912-1000			✓	✓				1		
TF10L918-800			✓		✓	3	2			
TF10L918-1000			✓		$\checkmark$			1		

		MITTE / Rate			TTER Cing	ROLLS SUPPLIED				
MODEL NUMBER	0.4	0.6	0.9	12″	18″	100′	250′	1,000'		
TF15L412-1000	✓			✓				1		
TF15L418-1000	✓				✓			1		
TF15L418-1700	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	2	2	1		
TF15L612-800		✓		✓		3	2			
TF15L612-1000		✓		√				1		
TF15L618-900		✓			✓		2			
TF15L618-1000		$\checkmark$			✓	4		1		
TF15L912-100			$\checkmark$	✓						
TF15L912-500			$\checkmark$	✓		1	2			
TF15L912-1000			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				1		
TF15L918-800			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		2			
TF15L918-1000			$\checkmark$		✓	3		1		
TF20412-1000	✓			✓				1		
TF20412-2000	✓			✓				2		
TF20418-1000	✓				✓			1		
TF20418-3000	✓				✓			3		
TF20612-1000		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$				1		
TF20612-1400		✓		✓		4		1		
TF20618-1000		$\checkmark$			✓			1		
TF20912-1000			$\checkmark$	✓				1		
TF20918-1000			√		✓			1		
TF20918-1400			$\checkmark$		✓	4		1		

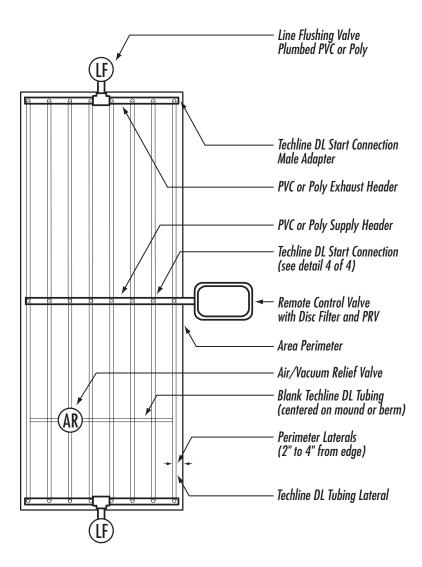








# TECHNICAL Techline DL CENTER FEED LAYOUT DATA

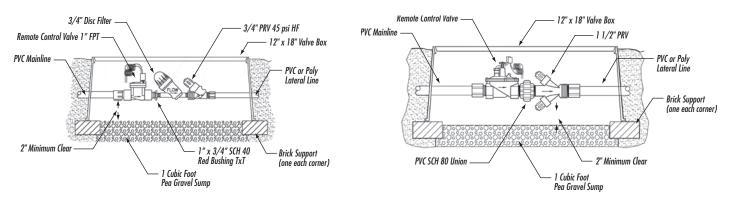




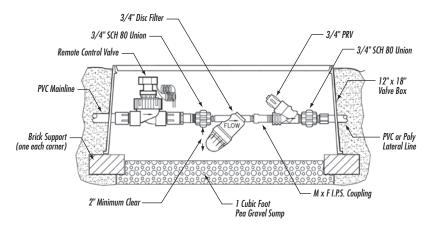
### TECHNICAL DATA

# Control Valve with 3/4" PRV HF and 3/4" Disc Filter

# Control Valve with 1 1/2" PRV and 1" Disc Filter



Control Valve with 3/4" PRV and 3/4" Disc Filter





#### INSTALLATION CHECK LIST

Project: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

- 1. Assemble and install remote control valve, and pressure regulator as indicated in Netafim USA detail(s)\_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **3.** Assemble and install exhaust header as indicated in Netafim USA detail(s) .Tape or plug all open connections.
- 4. Install Techline DL laterals beginning at the start connection(s) indicated in Netafim USA detail(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_. Type and layout of Polyethylene laterals are to be installed as specified, and/or as indicated in Netafim USA detail(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_. Tape or plug all open ends.
- 5. Install an air/vacuum relief valve at the highest elevation in the zone as indicated in Netafim USA detail(s)\_\_\_\_\_.
- **6.** Make all polyethylene to fitting connections while flushing the system. Make connections as indicated in Netafim USA detail(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 7. While flushing, connect polyethylene laterals to the exhaust header as indicated in Netafim USA detail(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 8. Install line flushing valve(s) as indicated in Netafim USA detail(s)

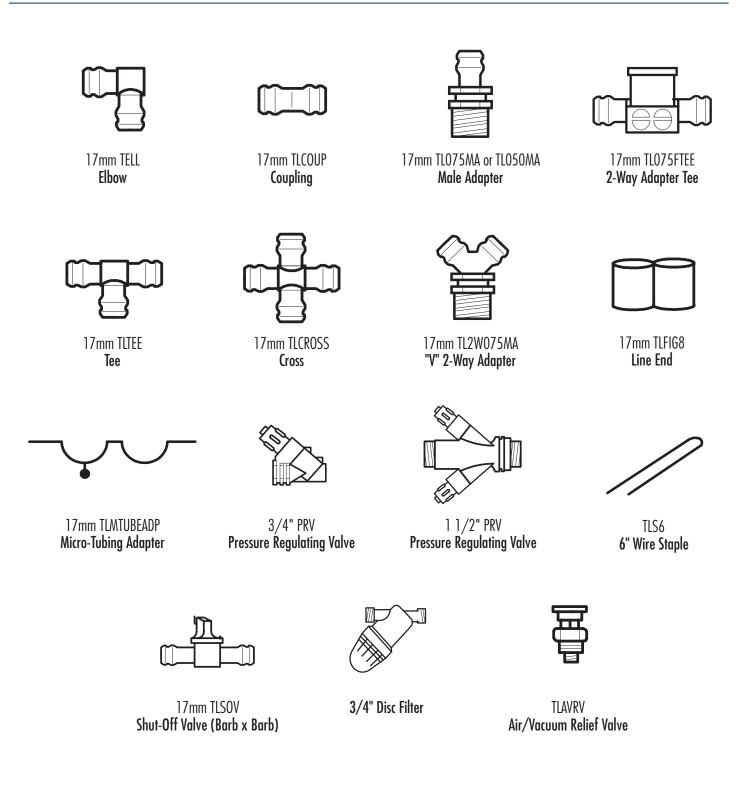
\_\_\_\_\_.

- 9. Install other Netafim USA Accessories as indicated in Netafim USA detail(s)
- **10.** Operate and inspect the system. Record system data for historical record. Use Netafim USA System Inspection Checklist, page 22.



YSTEM NSPECTION HECK LIST	Project:
	Date:
Techline DL Emitter Spacing	□ 12" □ 18" □ 24"
Techline DL Lateral Spacing	□ 12" □ 18" □ 24" □ Other
Emitter Flow Rate	□ 0.26 GPH □ 0.4 GPH □ 0.6 GPH □ 0.9 GPH
Type of Installation	□ On-Surface □ Subsurface Depth below grade (inches)
Type of Pressure Regulator	□ 3/4" (0.25 to 4.4 GPM) □ 3/4" (4.5 to 17.6 GPM) □ 1 1/2" □ Other
	□ 15 psi □ 20 psi □ 24 psi □ 35 psi □ 45 psi
Disc Filter Size	□ 3/4" □ 1" □ 1 1/2" □ 2"
Disc Filter Mesh	□ 80 □ 120 □ 140 □ 200
Operating Pressure	psi
Pressure at Flush Valve	psi
If More Than One Flush Valve	e psi
Controller Data	Station # Run Time X/Week Flow
	Station # Run Time X/Week Flow
	Station # Run Time X/Week Flow
	Station # Run Time X/Week Flow







# MOST FREQUENTLY USED CHARTS

TECHLINE DL ROW SPACING RECOMMENDATION TABLE																								
		TURF								SHRUB & GROUNDCOVER														
		CLAY SOIL		LO	AM S	SOIL	SAN	IDY S	SOIL	COARSE SOIL		CLAY SOIL		DIL	LOAM SOIL		OIL	SANDY SOIL		SOIL	COARSE S		SOIL	
EMITTER FLOW	0.2	0.26 GPH			.4 GF	РΗ	0.0	6 GPI	Н	0	.9 G P	Ή	0.2	26 GF	Ч	0.4	4 GPI	H	0.	6 GP	Н	0.	9 GPI	н
EMITTER SPACING	18″			12"			12″		12"		18″			18″				12"		12"				
LATERAL (ROW) SPACING	18″	20″	22″	18″	20″	22″	12″	14″	16″	12″	14″	16″	18″	21″	24″	18″	21″	24″	16″	18″	20″	16″	18″	20″
BURIAL DEPTH			Bury	evenly	y thro	ughou	it the :	zone	from 4	l"to 6	"				Or	n-surfa the			v even naxim			out		
APPLICATION RATE (INCHES/HOUR)	0.19	0.17	0.15	0.30	0.27	0.25	0.98	0.84	0.73	1.48	1.27	1.11	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.30	0.26	0.23	0.73	0.65	0.59	1.11	0.99	0.89
TIME TO APPLY ¼" OF WATER (MINUTES)	80	89	97	50	55	61	15	18	20	10	12	13	80	93	106	50	58	66	20	23	26	13	15	17
Following these maximum spacing guidelines, emitter flow selection can be increased if desired by the designer. 0.9 GPH flow rate available for areas requiring higher infiltration rates, such as coarse sandy soils.																								

Note: 0.4, 0.6 and 0.9 GPH are nominal flow rates. Actual flow rates used in the calculations are 0.42, 0.61 and 0.92 GPH.

#### **MAXIMUM LENGTH OF A SINGLE LATERAL (FEET)**

EMIT	TER SPACING		1	2″			18	24″			
EMITTER FLOW (GPH)		0.26	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.26	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.9
URE	20 psi	444	326	256	194	631	463	365	277	465	353
PRESSURE	25 psi	496	364	287	217	706	518	409	310	519	395
	35 psi	578	423	333	253	821	604	476	361	605	461
INLET	45 psi	641	470	370	281	913	670	529	401	673	513

#### FLOW PER 100 FEET

EMITTER	0.26 EN	<b>/IITTER</b>	0.4 EN	IITTER	0.6 EN	IITTER	0.9 EMITTER		
SPACING	GPH GPM		GPH	GPM	GPH	GPM	GPH	GPM	
12″	26.4	0.44	42.3	0.71	60.8	1.01	92.5	1.54	
18″	17.6	0.29	28.2	0.47	40.5	0.68	61.6	1.03	
24″	13.2	0.22	21.2	0.35	30.4	0.51	46.2	0.77	

# **Netafim Landscape & Turf Division**





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